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janitor has been examined, in such cases the services of the medical inspector herein provided for shall be dispensed with, and such certificate shall be furnished by such parent or guardian from time to time, as required by the board of education. Such individual records shall not be open to the public and shall be solely for the use of the boards of education and health or other health officer. If any teacher or janitor is found to have positive open pulmonary tuberculosis or other communicable disease, his or her employment shall be discontinued upon expiration of the contract therefor, or, at the option of the board, suspended upon such terms as to salary as the board may deem just until the school physician shall have certified to a recovery from such disease.

SEC. 7692-2. The State school commissioner and the State board of health, shall jointly pass rules for the detailed enforcement of the purposes of this act, which rules shall bear the seals of said board and commissioner, the said rules to be printed and promulgated by the State printer; promulgation to consist in supplying a reasonable number of copies to each school superintendent, from whom all that are interested may receive copies.

SEC. 7692-3. No member of the board of education in any district in this State shall be eligible to the appointment of school physician during the period for which he or she is elected.

SEC. 7692-4. Each board of education by the affidavit of an officer thereof or otherwise shall prove to the satisfaction of the State school commissioner that it has complied with the requirements of sections 7692, 7692-1, and 7692-2, of the general code.

SEC. 7693. The board of education of any school district may provide and pay compensation to the employees of the board of health in addition to that provided by the city, township, or other municipality.

PORTO RICO.

Communicable Diseases—Funerals—Preparation of Bodies. (Proclamation Nov. 10, 1913.)

The following amendment to section 11 of Sanitary Rules and Regulations No. 11, entitled "Regulations governing the removal of corpses, cemeteries, burials, disinterments and cremations," as promulgated in Administrative Bulletin No. 57, having been approved by the executive council on November 4, 1913, is hereby promulgated for the information and guidance of all concerned:

SECTION 1. Section 11 of Sanitary Rules and Regulations No. 11, entitled "Regulations governing the removal of corpses, cemeteries, burials, disinterments and cremations" is hereby amended to read as follows:

SEC. 11. Funeral services, with the body present shall not be held in church or in any place, for persons who have died of smallpox, Asiatic cholera, yellow fever, exanthematous typhus, bubonic plague or cerebrospinal meningitis. The bodies of persons who have died of any other diseases may be taken to the church or to any other place for such services provided that said bodies have been wrapped in sheets wet with an antiseptic solution, the formula of which shall be prescribed by the service of sanitation, and placed in a coffin hermetically sealed; and provided further that the death certificate issued by the attending physician has been countersigned by the health officer or his delegate.

Sanitary Regulations—"Urbe" and "Urban Zone" Defined. (Proclamation Dec. 22, 1913.)

The following amendment to Sanitary Rules and Regulations Nos. 2, 3, 4, 5, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 14, 15, and 16, as promulgated in Administrative Bulletins Nos. 44, 45, 46, 47, 52, 53, 55, 56, 57, 60, 61, and 63, respectively, having been approved by the execu-

tive council on December 11, 1913, is hereby promulgated for the information and guidance of all concerned:

SECTION 1. The following article will be inserted after section 18 of Regulations No. 2, governing tenement houses; after section 11 of Regulations No. 3, rat-proofing of all buildings and outhouses in Porto Rico; after section 6 of Regulations No. 4, garbage; after section 11 of Regulations No. 5, governing the keeping of dogs, the suppression of stray animals, and prevention of rabies; after section 80 of Regulations No. 7, plumbing and sewerage in Porto Rico; after section 19 of Regulations No. 8, for the extinction of mosquitoes in the island of Porto Rico; after section 11 of Regulations No. 9, amending rules and regulations for the collection of garbage and refuse; after section 3 of regulations No. 10, governing smoke and the use of soft or bituminous coal; after section 40 of Regulations No. 11, governing the removal of corpses, cemeteries, burials, disinterments, and cremations; after section 31¹ of Regulations No. 14, governing the keeping of houses and outhouses in sanitary condition, and to regulate construction in cities, towns, and villages; after section 10² of Regulations No. 15, amendments to Regulations No. 3, rat-proofing of all buildings and outhouses in Porto Rico; and after section 1 of Regulations No. 16, amending Regulations No. 5, governing the keeping of dogs, the suppression of stray animals, and prevention of rabies:

SEC. That the words "urban zone," wherever they may appear in these regulations, will be understood to be substituted by the word "urbe," (a) which means, so far as this regulation is concerned, every conglomeration of buildings, streets, plazas, gardens, parks, etc., wherein the functions of the collective lives are developed with that harmony, efficacy, and convenience that characterizes the individual life. (b) Every "urbe," whatever may be its extension, is formed by three fundamental parts constituting same—the urban nucleus, primitive center of the urbe, around which later on the urban zone develops as periphery of the same, and finally the suburbs which are prolongations or extensions, adjacent or not, to said "urban zone."

Buildings—Light and Ventilation. (Proclamation Dec. 22, 1913.)

The following amendments to Sanitary Rules and Regulations No. 14, entitled "Rules and regulations to govern the keeping of houses, edifices, and outhouses in sanitary condition, and to regulate construction in cities, towns, and villages," as promulgated in Administrative Bulletin No. 60, having been approved by the executive council on December 11, 1913, is hereby promulgated for the information and guidance of all concerned:

SECTION 1. Section 26³ of Sanitary Rules and Regulations No. 14, "Governing the keeping of houses and outhouses in sanitary condition, and to regulate the construction in cities, towns, and villages," is hereby amended so as to read as follows:

"SEC. 26. In the houses or edifices used as dwelling places the capacity of each living or sleeping room shall not be less than 22.75 cubic meters; and each room, including the bathroom and water-closet, shall receive light and ventilation directly from the street, yard, or garden when possible, and in each room the area of the openings to the outside air shall be not less than one-fifth the area of the floor, at least one-fifth of the area of the outside openings shall be disposed of in such manner as to insure ventilation when the doors and windows are closed. All inside doors shall be provided further with open transoms for ventilation, the height of which shall not be less than 30 centimeters. The total area of the floor of each living or sleeping room shall be at least 7 square meters, the width of the same shall be not less than 2½ meters, the height from floor to ceiling shall be not less than 3 meters, and the length shall not exceed twice the height. Kitchens shall have an area of at least 4 square meters and shall be ventilated the same as living rooms.

¹ Public Health Reports June 20, 1913, p. 1311.

² Public Health Reports June 20, 1913, p. 1312.

³ Public Health Reports, June 20, 1913, p. 1310.